# **OHS.OH.POL.1009 Critical Values Policy**

Copy of version 2.0 (approved and current)

Last Approval or

8/20/2025

Controlled Copy ID 565981

Periodic Review Completed

012012

Ochweb Laboratory Collection

Next Periodic Review Needed On or Before

8/20/2027

Manual

Effective Date

9/3/2025

Organization Ochsner Health System

Location

#### **Approval and Periodic Review Signatures**

Туре	Description	Date	Version	Performed By	Notes
Approval	System Chair, Anatomic Pathology	8/20/2025	2.0	Rebecca A. 7. Phillips MD  Rebecca Phillips, M.D.	
Approval	Interim Chair, Clinical Pathology	8/13/2025	2.0	Elise Occhipinti, M.D.	-
Approval	Vice President, Laboratory Service Line Leader	8/13/2025	2.0	Mike Black Mike Black	

Signatures from prior revisions are not listed.

Approvals and periodic reviews that occurred before this document was added to Document Control may not be listed.

### **Version History**

Version	Status	Туре	Date Added	Date Effective	Date Retired
2.0	Approved and Current	Major revision	8/13/2025	9/3/2025	Indefinite

# **Critical Values Policy**

The purpose of this policy is to define the critical values in use in the Ochsner Laboratory System.

A critical value is "a pathophysiological state at such variance with normal as to be life-threatening unless something is done promptly and for which some correction action could be taken." Those tests on this list are determined by the Pathologists after careful review of published data, and if required, consultation with OCF clinicians.<sup>1</sup>

After verification of the test result, laboratory staff will immediately notify the physician or designated staff following the guidelines outlined in the facility's critical value notification procedure. Notification may occur verbally or via electronic means. Laboratory staff are required to document notification and acknowledgement in the appropriate computer system. Acknowledgement may occur via verbal readback or electronic messaging.

The following laboratory results are called to the requesting physician or to the appropriate contact at the client location.

#### CRITICAL VALUE LIST

<b>HEMATOLOGY</b>	Low	High
Hemoglobin	<6.0g/dL	>20.0 g/dL
Hematocrit	<20%	
WBC	<2.0 K/μL	>50 K/μL
Platelet Count	<40 K/μL	>999 K/μL
Fibrinogen	<100 mg/dL	
Prothrombin Time (PT)		INR $\geq$ 5.0
Activated Partial		$\geq$ 150.0 seconds

Thromboplastin Time (APTT)

Blast cells on blood smear previously undocumented from this patient

Positive malaria or other parasites noted on peripheral smear

Organisms of any type in blood, pleural, pericardial or CSF fluids

### NEONATAL CRITICAL VALUES

(0-29 days old)	Low	High
WBC	<2.0 K/μL	>50 K/μL
Calcium	<7.0 mg/dL	>11.0 mg/dL
Bilirubin		>15.0 mg/dL

<b>CHEMISTRY</b>	Low	High
Glucose	<50 mg/dL	>450 mg/dL
Sodium	<120 mMoL/L	>160 mMoL/L
Potassium	<2.8 mMoL/L	>6.2 mMoL/L
$CO_2$	<10 mMoL/L	>40 mMoL/L
Calcium	<7.0 mg/dL	>12.0 mg/dL
Phosphorus	<1.1 mg/dL	>8.9 mg/dL
Magnesium	< 1.0  mg/dL	>4.7 mg/dL
Lactic Acid		>3.4 mMoL/L
Chloride	<75 mMoL/L	>126 mMoL/L
Ionized Calcium	<0.75 mMoL/L	
Serum Osmolality	<260 mOsm/kg	>320 mOsm/kg

THED A DELITIC DDIJC MONITODIN	
THERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORIN Acetaminophen	<u>NG</u> >150 μg/mL
Amikacin	>15.0 µg/mL (trough)
	>80.0 μg/mL (peak)
	>60.0 µg/mL (random)
Carbamazepine	>20 μg/mL
Cyclosporine	>400 ng/mL
Digoxin	>2.5 ng/mL
Phenytoin	>30.0 μg/mL
Gentamicin	>5.0 μg/mL (trough)
	>40.0 μg/mL (peak)
	>25.0 μg/mL (random)
Lithium	>2.0 mMoL/L
Methotrexate	>5.0 μMoL/L
Phenobarbital	>60.0 μg/mL
Salicylate	>30.0 mg/dL
Theophylline	>25.0 μg/mL
Tobramycin	$>5.0 \mu g/mL$ (trough)
	>40.0 μg/mL (peak)
	>25.0 μg/mL (random)
Valproic Acid	>200.0 μg/mL
Vancomycin	$>30.0 \mu g/mL$ (trough)
	>80.0 μg/mL (peak, pediatric or random)
Tacrolimus	>30.0 ng/mL
Sirolimus	>25.0 ng/mL
Ethanol	>300.0 mg/dL

### **BLOOD BANK**

ABO Incompatible Transfusion

## **MICROBIOLOGY**

- Positive Blood Culture
- Positive CSF Gram Stain, India Ink or Culture
- Rhinocerebral Zygomycete or Aspergillus found on any stain
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa from Eye Culture
- Cervical Strep Screens on an OB patient that is Positive for Group B Strep (from Delivery)
- Positive AFB Smear or Culture
- Mycology Cultures Positive for Histoplasmosis, Blastomyces, Zygomycete, Coccidioides, Cryptococcus or Aspergillus from significant source
- NICU and PICU RSV

# **ANATOMIC PATHOLOGY**

- A significant change of frozen section diagnosis after review of permanent sections.
- Unexpected malignant diagnoses (Example: malignancy seen in a hernia sac, appendix, or resection specimen not clinically taken for suspected neoplasm)
- Unexpected perforations (Example: fat seen in an endometrial curettage)
- Large vessel vasculitis
- Rejection in transplant biopsies (except those already reported from Vanderbilt)
- Deep/Life Threatening Fungal Infections (Example: mucormycosis)
- Previously finalized reports in which the final diagnosis is altered and the report is released.

#### REFERENCE LABORATORY RESULT

Any value deemed critical by an external reference laboratory.

#### Reference:

Emancipator, K. Critical Values. American Journal of Clinical Pathology: Vol. 108, No. 3, 1997, pp. 247-253.